



Project Factsheet

Jordan Health Programme for Syrian refugees and vulnerable Jordanians

OBJECTIVE

Contribute to improved Primary Health Care (PHC) by expanding access to equitable quality immunisation services for refugees and vulnerable Jordanians within improved integrated health systems governance in the context of the COVID-19 outbreak.

EXPECTED RESULTS

- 450,000 doses of COVID-19 vaccines procured through the COVAX Facility for the priority target groups
- National capacities to COVID-19 preparedness and response supported
- 137,741 Syrian refugees and vulnerable Jordanians received routine vaccines through EUTF support
- Cold chain and immunisation services at PHC level improved in all Governorates
- 1.891 immunization staff trained to the immunization essentials
- 1,026,677 direct beneficiaries reached by health education activities and awareness campaigns
- Improved MOH capacity to manage and coordinate the development and implementation of integrated population wide public health policies, strategies, and programmes
- Improved sustainability of expanded health insurance and service delivery models
- PHC functions supported to improve availability, access, utilization, and quality of services
- PHC Priority Benefit Package agreed upon and endorsed to ensure equity in access to health services
- Health Financing Strategy developed and endorsed to expand coverage towards achieving Universal Health Coverage (UHC)

BUDGET

EUR 43 million

START DATE 01/03/2020

DURATION 36 months

BENEFICIARIES

1,396,418

Syrian refugees and vulnerable Jordanians

IMPLEMENTING PARTNER



PROJECT LOCATIONS



JORDAN Nation-wide with a specific focus on: Irbid Governorate Mafraq Governorate Zarqa Governorate Amman Governorate

OUR IMPACT

The EUTF Health Programme provided critical support to the National Immunization Programme by conducting comprehensive EPI review and Data Quality Self-Assessment to identify main gaps in the programme management and delivery. It will support strengthening managerial and operational capacities, improvement of cold chain at national, subnational and health facility level, procurement of routine vaccines for Syrian refugees and vulnerable Jordanians. In addition to that, it will provide extensive capacity building to the immunization staff, support improvement of the management information system for immunization and raising awareness of parents/caregivers on the benefits of immunization.

The Health Programme is currently also strengthening the national health financing functions by developing a health care financing strategy and strengthening public financial management through building capacity to produce national health

accounts. Furthermore, in the context of the Sustainable Development Agenda 2030, the Health Programme aims at reinforcing the role of PHC as the critical component towards achieving UHC. In this regard a comprehensive assessment of the PHC is currently undergoing which will generate an evidence base upon which a national strategy for strengthening PHC systems and services will be developed and supported.

The COVID-19 pandemic is deeply impacting the national health system, already stretched by protracted Syrian crisis. In this regard the EUTF Health Programme project supported the Ministry of Health (MOH) the initial response to the COVID-19 pandemic by strengthening laboratory capacity, providing rapid diagnostic tests, COVID-19 and seasonal influenza vaccines, as well hospital equipment and drugs for COVID-19 case management.