

This project is
funded by The
European Union



A project
implemented
by Particip
Consortium



EU REGIONAL TRUST FUND IN RESPONSE TO THE SYRIAN CRISIS

COVID-19 SPECIFIC RESULTS

Data from the 8th results report





1. Context and methodology

Entering the 10th year of the Syrian crisis that is causing the largest human displacement in the world, Syria and its neighbouring countries, such as Turkey, Lebanon, Jordan, Iraq and Egypt are experiencing multiple challenges. In **addition to the ongoing humanitarian and economic crises linked to the Syrian war, the COVID-19 pandemic has indeed added another layer of complexity to the challenges these countries are facing.** Above all, Lebanon is enduring a protracted political crisis that reached a new peak in 2020 following the devastating explosion at Beirut's port.

According to the World Health Organisation (WHO), in the early months of the pandemic, most countries in the region experienced a fairly slow transmission of COVID-19. Countries began implementing public health and social measures in March 2020, such as closure of schools and non-essential businesses, travel restrictions, and partial or full lockdowns, so that community mobility decreased substantially. However, by August,

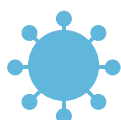
disease transmission had accelerated, following the relaxation of restrictions in the summer months. The region has experienced a higher second wave of cases than in the first one, Lebanon being one of the countries in the region with the highest number of new cases and Egypt experiencing the most deaths.¹ The cumulative infection rate is now higher in Lebanon (3,158 per 100,000) and Jordan (2,998), while Turkey (1,781), Iraq (1,497) and Egypt (145) are lower in the rank.

Currently, the main challenges shared by all countries continue to be balancing the easing of COVID-19 control measures while maintaining suppression of COVID-19 transmission, scaling up public health measures, tackling COVID-19 fatigue, and establishing a platform for distribution of COVID-19 vaccines.²

Furthermore, the pandemic is deepening economic hardship for those most in need i.e. Syrian refugees, Palestinian refugees from Syria, vulnerable host communities, and other internally displaced people.

→ 1. Cumulative COVID-19 cases are reported as follows in the region: Turkey, 1,566,327; Iraq, 607,587; Lebanon, 249,148; Jordan, 307,557; Egypt, 155,507; and Syria, 12,942.
Source: WHO: <https://covid19.who.int>, 17.01.21.

→ 2. COVID-19 Weekly Epidemiological Update, at: https://reliefweb.int/sites/reliefweb.int/files/resources/Weekly_Epidemiological_Update_22.pdf





While COVID-19 is exacerbating existent health and socio-economic inequalities, the related restrictions in host countries are disproportionately affecting people living in the most fragile situations.

Building on its comprehensive portfolio in the region, **the EU Regional Trust Fund in Response to the Syrian Crisis** - hereinafter the Trust Fund -, was able to rapidly develop and deploy a two-pronged response as part of the **EU's global Team Europe response**. The COVID-19 specific financial allocations approved in March 2020 by the Trust Fund Board involved: 1) adapting and redirecting activities in ongoing projects; and 2) allocating additional funding.

Acknowledging the multi-dimensional nature of the crisis, **the Trust Fund has allocated EUR 165.7 million** to readjust relevant health and WASH actions and to fund additional education, livelihoods, protection and social cohesion projects in the region -some of which are being currently contracted. This investment includes the 'Corona package'³, a series of health and WASH actions for Lebanon and **Jordan** funded with **EUR 54.7 million**.

This assessment analyses the extent to which projects supported by the Trust Fund are contributing specifically to

achieving results linked to the COVID-19 pandemic.

As an example, COVID-19 specific services would be COVID-19 screening, awareness campaigns about COVID-19 preventive measures, or cash transfers related to the lockdown period, or awareness campaigns about COVID-19 preventive measures.

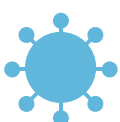
Most of these actions also contribute to other general results reflected in the 8th Results Report.

In line with that, this report uses as its basis the Trust Fund's results reporting methodology being informed by the Quarterly Information Notes (QINs) of twenty actions in health, livelihoods, protection, WASH and social cohesion (*Annex 1*). The analysis described below covers the period from January to September 2020.

Seventeen Key Performance Indicators (KPI) of the Trust Fund have been disaggregated by their COVID-19 dimension to monitor the pandemic response to date (*Annex 2*). Following the approach of the 8th Results Report, these **results are presented in three categories, access to services** in different areas, such as **health, education, protection, livelihoods or social cohesion; local capacities strengthening**

→ **3.** For more information on the Corona Package, please visit:

https://ec.europa.eu/trustfund-syria-region/sites/tfsr/files/eutfsyria_coronavirus_factsheet_0.pdf





(training) and local infrastructure improvements. Additionally, and in line with WHO recommendations, four COVID-19 specific indicators have been added to the Trust Fund's Results Framework: (*Annex 2*). Due to the specific circumstances of the pandemic and their quick and constant evolution, these Trust Fund results are reported separately

from the general ones to prevent any distortion of targets.

This report also incorporates a brief overview of the strategies used by implementing partners to realign their activities and/or provide specific COVID-19 related services, training or infrastructure improvements.

2. The Trust Fund's response to the COVID-19 pandemic

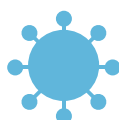
In March 2020, the Trust Fund rapidly and flexibly reacted to support partner countries and communities to address the challenges of the pandemic. Jointly with the implementing partners (IPs), it has effectively realigned a number of actions in the sectors of health, livelihoods, protection, education, social cohesion in Lebanon, Iraq, Turkey and Jordan with a particular focus on the Corona Package in Lebanon and Jordan.

While at the initial phase of the pandemic In March 2020, IPs focused on reassessing the context and designing mitigation

strategies, between June and September 2020, they have been largely addressing new lockdown periods and COVID-19 related restrictions with alternative delivery strategies. Consequently, most actions are experiencing delays and in some cases, cancellation of activities. With the joint support of the Trust Fund and the EU Delegations, IPs have engaged in delivering as many online and remote activities and services as possible.

Health projects funded by the Trust Fund⁴, have contributed to the procurement of diagnostic kits, personal

→ 4. Key implementing partners here are the following: Associazione Italiana per la Solidarietà tra i Popoli (AISPO), International Medical Corps UK (IMC Croatia), Lebanese Red Cross, Medair and WHO.





protective equipment (PPE), other medical supplies, and hygiene kits. These projects have also delivered training on infection prevention and control and nursing care with COVID-19 patients for health personnel. Institutional support has been provided to prepare COVID-19 national and municipal response plans, to strengthen epidemiological monitoring and prepare the vaccination process against the pandemic.

Health infrastructure strengthening has also been part of several actions, such as the provision of community isolation spaces (WHO and IMC).

Patients have accessed medical consultations, COVID-19 related screening, self-isolation beds and health education campaigns. The pressures on the health services are evident. In this context, the support of Lebanese Red Cross providing ambulances in Lebanon, and the Danish Red Cross with mobile clinics in Egypt, has been crucial to address COVID-19 specific challenges.

The **livelihoods** and **education** actions supported by the Trust Fund have used remote tools, self-learning platforms and webinars in various areas⁵. The provision of specific services covers on-line learning, remedial programmes, information and

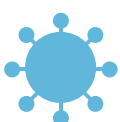
awareness raising activities to improve communication with parents, students and care givers, as well as training. On the ground, remote learning is bringing new challenges that the Trust Fund projects are trying to address, such as increased dropout. Apart from limited access to broadband or technical equipment, parents are losing their source of income.

Additionally, some educational facilities have been refurbished or supported to deliver their key services during the pandemic so that they can return to a more normal learning scenario in the future.

Emergency cash support has been strengthened to secure basic needs and cope with increasing food prices, in particular in Lebanon. The rise in the price of the US dollar in the country is leading to high inflation, limiting what people can afford to buy. Institutional support and advice to the Ministry of Social Affairs by WFP in Lebanon has been provided for the roll-out of the National Social Solidarity Programme (NSSP), a cash assistance programme in response to the economic crisis and COVID-19 pandemic. Food kits have been also distributed as part of other projects.

Local micro, small, medium enterprises

→ 5. Relevant partners here are: Association of Volunteers in International Service (AVSI), DRC, Euromed Feminist Initiative (EFI), United Nations Development Programme (UNDP), United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF), International Agency of the Association of Netherlands Municipalities (VNG International), United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA), and World Food Programme (WFP).





(MSME) have also benefitted from financial support and training from Trust Fund interventions during this period. The role of community reporters in the livelihoods' action supported by UNDP in Lebanon has been crucial to communicate and follow up with local businesses in the COVID-19 context.

WASH interventions - with the Agency for Technical Cooperation and Development (ACTED) and the WASH Alliance International (WAI) - have aimed at improving access to water despite the pandemic, not only in communities generally, but also specifically in schools. They have also focused on awareness campaigns to prevent COVID-19 and linking it with other WASH related campaigns.

Psychosocial support, **protection** services, including referrals mostly for women facing gender violence has been remotely (via phone or online platforms) provided by partners such as UNICEF and EFI. The COVID-19 pandemic has highlighted existent inequalities, with women and young people in particular experiencing an increase in anxiety and depression.

Advocacy activities have also been organised via online platforms, such as the Zoom conference, organised by EFI in Iraq on the second National Action Plan (NAP)

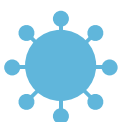
for the United Nations Security Council Resolution (UNSCR) 1325 on women, peace and security.

The pandemic has shown the importance of effective communication with the public. Therefore, awareness campaigns are incorporated in all projects, including those in the area of social cohesion, as the Association for Solidarity with Asylum Seekers and Migrants -ASAM- has done in Turkey. ASAM distributed information materials, such as leaflets, brochures, banners or posters. The project promoted COVID-19 related messaging via the hygiene kits that have been distributed, and through social media to reach the wider public.

Most of these large scale- campaigns have focused on how to prevent COVID-19. As an example, the 'Let's Beat Corona'⁶ mass campaign in Iraq has used video testimonials and an online solidarity concert to specifically target young people.

The role of community engagement has emerged as crucial so that, for example, in some projects, Community Ambassadors have assumed the role of raising awareness in their respective communities. Moreover, the work to tackle rumours and 'false facts' has been at the centre of the work from the Social Cohesion teams in Turkey.

→ 6 <https://rsr.akvo.org/en/project/7774/update/29812/>





3. COVID-19 specific results

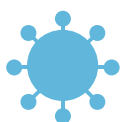
During this reporting period, IPs consistently report the numerous negative impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. In **economic terms**, and especially in Lebanon, the number of people unable to meet their basic needs has substantially increased, with many people losing their jobs as a consequence of the pandemic. Many small local businesses, have also shut down in this scenario. The EFI action in Iraq, for instance, illustrates the extreme difficulties that the most vulnerable target groups are facing, for example, informed that 'women are more concerned about their economic situation than about their health'.

Beyond the economic effects, **health effects** are coming with the pandemic. While there is a high social stigma associated with the virus, mental health consultations -supported by different actions funded by the Trust Fund- on **anxiety and depression** have substantially increased, especially among younger people. Due to economic

difficulties and Information Technology (IT) problems, **dropout rates in basic education have increased in remote learning schemes**. Regarding awareness campaigns, feedback from some actions suggest there is a pandemic-related fatigue where people feel overwhelmed with information.

All projects report delays due to the pandemic. Despite lockdown restrictions that have affected all countries in the region -thanks to previous activities and the remote tools- the Trust Fund supported projects have been able to continue delivering some services, training and infrastructure improvements. The definition of specific targets and the disaggregation by sex and community of origin continues to be challenging for the IPs.

Most actions reporting COVID-19-related results are being implemented in Lebanon, Iraq, Jordan, followed by Turkey, and Egypt.





General results

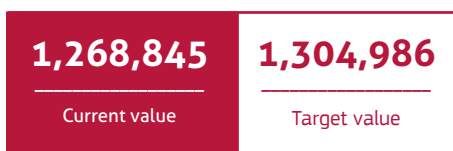
All outputs analysed here have increased compared to the previous period. The main results in terms of **access to services**

(*Figure 1*) in relation to COVID-19 are awareness campaigns in Iraq and health consultations in Lebanon (*Figure 3*). These



Access to services (COVID-19 specific)

*N.D.: Not disaggregated.



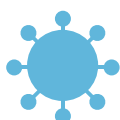
Local capacities (COVID-19 specific)



Local infrastructure (COVID-19 specific)



Figure 1: COVID-19 related outputs by category, sex and community of origin.





are followed by livelihoods related support (cash transfers) in Lebanon and Jordan. As the figure show (Figure 2) services have been mainly delivered in Iraq (54%) and Lebanon (36%).

In terms of **local capacities' strengthening**, the emphasis has been on training health personnel, mainly in Turkey and Lebanon.

Local infrastructure improvements have been delivered in health and educational facilities, in Lebanon and Jordan,

respectively, while MSMEs have been upgraded in Iraq.

From the disaggregated information available, **women and men have been accessing those services equally, while many more refugees have benefitted from those results.** More men have been trained in education and health than women, and these are largely from host communities. There is still room for improving the sex and community disaggregation.

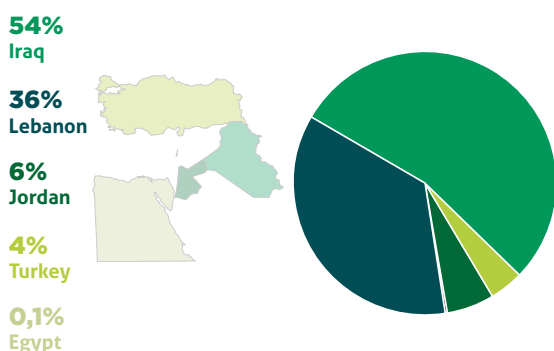


Figure 2: Access to COVID-19 related services by country

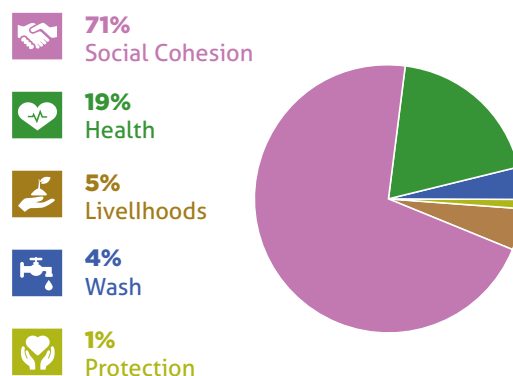


Figure 3: Access to COVID-19 related services by sector





Health and COVID-19 specific outputs

The focus of the results in health has been on **primary health care consultations** with the lead of IMC Croatia and DRC in Lebanon; **health education, and the training of health personnel** in the community and in hospitals with different actions led by IMC Croatia, WHO and Medair. Most health services were delivered in Lebanon with WHO support, and Iraq -with the AISPO implemented project. Health education activities are also reported in Egypt, Jordan and Turkey through the DRC support. **Emergency services associated with COVID-19** cases are being delivered in Lebanon by Lebanese Red Cross. **Health facilities, upgrades with isolation beds** to treat COVID-19 patients and other mental health unit improvements are being supported by WHO, other hospital facilities have been provided with supplies by IMC Croatia.

In line with WHO recommendations, four indicators have been added for this assessment, two related to outputs - on personal protective equipment (PPE) distributed among the target population and on technical guidance - and two linked to impact - referring to cases reported and the rate of reproduction of the virus. A large proportion of PPE

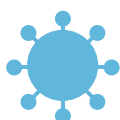
COVID-19 RELATED INDICATORS (IN LINE WITH WHO RECOMMENDATIONS)

81,228 - Cases reported in Lebanon through Trust Fund projects (September 2020)

1,272,408 - PPE pieces distributed, including surgical and N95 masks, gloves, gowns, goggles, face shields and sanitation equipment in all countries

1 - Technical guidance document on public advice produced in Lebanon

units has been distributed in Lebanon (74%), followed by Iraq (14%), Turkey (10%), and to a minor extent, Jordan (2%). PPE included masks, gloves, gowns, face shields and sanitation products. In some cases, soap and disinfection products were added to those kits. A wide number of actions has been able to **procure and distribute PPE in all countries**, not only health projects, but also actions intervening in livelihoods, protection or social cohesion. Furthermore, UNRWA has financially supported **COVID-19 related hospitalisations and COVID-19 tests** during this period in Lebanon.





During the previous reporting period, one **advocacy brief on the release of the Independent Municipal Fund supporting municipal operations** -addressed to the Ministry of Interior and Municipalities and the Ministry of Finance- had been prepared as part of WFP wider support. This work emerged

from the need of additional municipal resources for the COVID-19 response.

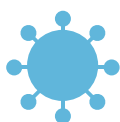
Medair has **followed up confirmed COVID-19 cases**, namely, 2,416, in Zahle, west Bekaa, and Baalbak, the Lebanese districts where its project operates, while the Lebanese Red Cross reported 81,228 cases for the whole country in September 2020.

Education

The Corona Package is supporting the delivery of education in the context of the pandemic, especially with **remote tools**, the funding of **broadband access**, or **individualised sessions** through school counsellors. One good example is the UNRWA funded project in Lebanon and Jordan. This is enabling pupils and families to continue enrolled in **educational formal and non-formal activities**. Additionally, in this period, some **educational facilities (daycare centres in workplaces) were supported** by EFI in Jordan, helping many families to cope with work and child care in a safe way. The direct support to daycares has been crucial so that they return to operations since those centres need to **fund COVID-19 testing, doctor visits, sanitation, utility bills and part of the rent** collected in the

3 months of COVID-19 restrictions. This wider action delivered with EFI's support promotes access to employability training, legal advice on working rights and job opportunities to women.

During this period, UNICEF, with its immediate **WASH assistance to schools** aimed at mitigating primary and secondary impacts of the COVID-19 outbreak in Azraq camp in Jordan. In this context, the **upgrade of some schools in the camp with greywater systems** has been planned to improve WASH and hygiene standards in the educational facilities. The wider project also promotes improved access to formal and non-formal education, as well as **psychosocial support to vulnerable children in the camp**.





Livelihoods

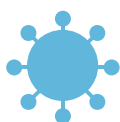
Livelihoods activities comprise **cash transfers** mainly in Jordan and Turkey and they continue to be crucial. UNRWA with the Corona Package also delivers emergency cash transfers in Lebanon and Jordan to families so that they cope with increased prices and the lack of income sources due to the pandemic. Additionally, the project on livelihoods and food access implemented by WFP has been providing **technical support and advice** to the Lebanese Ministry of Social Affairs in the roll-out of the National Social Solidarity Programme (NSSP) in response to the economic crisis and the COVID-19 pandemic. It will be crucial to assess the related effects this might bring in the next reporting period.

During this current reporting phase, **food kits** were also distributed as part of social cohesion activities in Iraq with DRC, where people are reporting a 40% loss of their income. In Turkey, ASAM has provided **food support**, promoted **COVID-19 awareness campaigns and distributed PPE**, as part of community social projects. In Iraq, job opportunities have been promoted as part of local call for proposals under the auspices of UNDP, and as part of an integrated local economic and health strategy with GIZ support. **MSMEs** have been also **trained** on how to manage COVID-19 related rules in the business environment under UNDP's action.

WASH

In terms of WASH, results focus on **hygiene promotion sessions**, across all countries, Iraq, Turkey, Lebanon and Jordan. largely in Turkey and Lebanon. Hygiene sessions have been used to articulate COVID-19 **awareness messages and prevention measures** at community level. With partners, such as ACTED, UNICEF, UNDP, Medair and DRC, COVID-19 related messaging has been articulated

to other activities, such as WASH related messaging, **WASH improvements in schools**, or the distribution of **hygiene kits**. Improved **access to water** has been achieved in the refugee camps in Jordan during the COVID-19 outbreak so that refugees have access to safe and clean water, as well as **sanitation services**. These specific interventions are happening with in Jordan in the context of the





education project in Azraq camp, and in Sinjar Iraq, where UN-Habitat is connecting families to the water network facilitating

clean water access and handwashing for hygiene purposes in light of ongoing COVID-19.

Protection

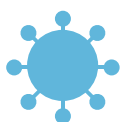
Projects intervening in the protection sector have been able to provide psychosocial support remotely (e.g. Expertise France with QUDRA II in Lebanon) and ensure referral of cases, in particular in Lebanon and Iraq. **Psychosocial support** was provided primarily to young pupils from refugee communities in Lebanon within the scope of the UNRWA-led multi-sector action. The need of support services is overwhelming the services in Lebanon, so that EFI has continued to deliver **Gender-Based Violence (GBV) and non-GBV services** through on-line platforms and a phone

hotline, providing **referrals, counselling and psychosocial support remotely**. Also Expertise France (QUDRA II) has delivered e-PSS and emotional support for children and adults, including topics, such as adult and child protection, GBV and COVID-19. GBV services continue to be delivered mainly by phone in Iraq -with EFI's support- as part of a livelihoods support programme despite challenges posed by the pandemic. Women there faced technical limitations because of old equipment, or a lack of privacy at home in the context of lockdown.

Social cohesion

All projects have contributed to **awareness outputs** in Iraq, Lebanon, Turkey and Jordan. Most campaigns aim at informing about how to prevent the spread of COVID-19 and implement the needed social distancing measures in different settings: in business, educational, social, health or other community settings. Most

of these campaigns have been delivered via social media, phone or through different materials. Actions intervening in the WASH sector, livelihoods support, protection and social cohesion all included outreach campaigns. Different interventions targeted different institutions, such as schools (UNRWA), community centres (UNICEF,



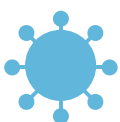


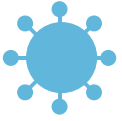
VNG), women centres (EFI), young people (ASAM) or communities in general (WASH projects, large campaigns, UNDP). People reached by these campaigns during this reporting period are mostly in Iraq since the largest campaign funded by the Trust Fund, *'Let's Beat Corona'*, was implemented there under the auspices of UNDP and UN-Habitat.

Specific guidelines have been shared on isolation modalities for people having tested positive. During this reporting phase, social workers and education personnel employed in the Makani centres established by UNICEF in Jordan were also trained in how to deliver on-line individual support services and training. A **COVID-19 first-**

aid facilitation module was also made available to help managing these child-friendly recreational and learning spaces in a safer way.

In general, all these COVID-19 specific results contribute to the achievement of the Trust Funds' objectives and overcome some of the many challenges posed by the pandemic in addition to the ongoing humanitarian crisis. Although some of these outputs reflect mitigation measures and might be perceived as temporary solutions, many of them have offered an alternative approach to deliver results that had been planned. Some of these strategies and results deserve to be analysed in more detail as part of future ex post assessment to generate lessons learned.





Annex 1

PROJECT CODE	START DATE	IMPLEMENTING PARTNER	TITLE	COUNTRY
T04.27	31.12.17	WAI	Improved access to water, water distribution performance and related sewerage disposal in Irbid Governorate for host communities and Syrian refugees.	Jordan
T04.30	31.12.17	DRC	Addressing Vulnerabilities of Refugees and Host Communities in Five Countries Affected by the Syria Crisis	Iraq
T04.31	01.01.18	Medair, Tearfund, ACCTS	Strengthening Protection Mechanisms for Syrian Refugees and Vulnerable Host-Communities in Jordan and Lebanon	Lebanon
T04.58	01.04.17	WHO	Improved access to health services for Syrian refugees in Turkey	Turkey
T04.74	06.04.18	YMCA, WHO	Provision of Chronic Medications at Primary Health Care Centers for vulnerable Syrian Refugee and Lebanese Host Communities	Lebanon
T04.121	07.07.18	ACTED, PAH, WHH, PIN	Supporting resilience for host communities, returnees and internally displaced persons (IDPs) in Iraq	Iraq
T04.130	01.09.18	EFI (EUROMED Feminist Initiative), BDC, Tamkeen	Strengthening access to protection, participation and services for women refugees, IDPs and host communities	Lebanon
T04.132	01.01.20	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and United Nations Human Settlements Programme (UN-Habitat)	Strengthen the long-term resilience of targeted subnational authorities and their host/refugee populations in countries affected by the Syrian and Iraqi crises	Iraq
T04.134	01.01.19	DRC, Mercy Corps, NRC, Oxfam	Strengthening Resilience and Income Generating Opportunities and Supporting Early Recovery and Stabilization in Areas of Return in Iraq	Iraq
T04.136	19.12.18	VNG International, PCPM and KL	Maintaining Strength and Resilience for Local Governments in Lebanon and Iraq (MASAR)	Iraq
T04.147	03.01.19	IMC UK/Fundación Promoción Social de la Cultura (FPSC)	Improving Access to Quality Health Care for Persons with Disabilities in Lebanon	Lebanon

Table 1 (1/2): List of Trust Fund projects informing COVID-19 specific results to date.

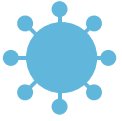




PROJECT CODE	START DATE	IMPLEMENTING PARTNER	TITLE	COUNTRY
T04.153	13.02.19	WFP	Syrian and host communities with better livelihoods and food access, through better employability prospects and improved financial and productive capacities	Lebanon
T04.170	01.03.19	ASAM and RSC	Social Cohesion of Refugees in Turkey (SCORE)	Turkey
T04.172	09.07.19	UNICEF	Education and Makani ("My Space") Programmes for Vulnerable Syrian and Host Community School-aged Children in Jordan	Jordan
T04.181	01.08.19	AISPO	Support to mother and child and critical care services in Duhok province (phase 2)	Iraq
T04.198	24.06.20	AVSI, TDH, WCH	Back to the Future II: A protective and nurturing environment to increase Access to School, Inclusion and Retention for Children impacted by the Syrian Crisis in Lebanon and vulnerable Lebanese	Lebanon
T04.202	01.03.20	WHO	EUTF Jordan Health Programme for Syrian Refugees and Vulnerable Jordanians	Jordan
T04.210	01.03.20	IMC UK/PU-AMI	REBAHS II	Lebanon
T04.212	01.01.20	UNRWA	Strengthening the resilience of Palestine refugees from Syria in Jordan and Lebanon (phase III)	Lebanon
T04.227	01.05.20	Lebanese Red Cross	Improving access and effectiveness of pre-hospital emergency care and blood transfusion services in Lebanon	Lebanon

Table 1 (2/2): List of Trust Fund projects informing COVID-19 specific results to date.



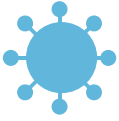


Annex 2

SECTOR	INDICATORS	7th RR		8th results report		Disaggregated by sex		Disaggregated by community of origin		N.D.* By sex	N.D.* By community of origin	LEBANON		JORDAN		IRAQ		TURKEY		EGYPT		
		Current value	Target	Current value	Target	Women	Men	Refugee	Host community			Current value	Target value	Current value	Target value	Current value	Target value	Current value	Target value	Current value	Target value	
COVID-19 RELATED INDICATORS*	6			39	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	39	39	342	342	0	0	0	0	
	9	267		342	342	101	241	45	297	0	0	0	0	0	0	135	135	0	0	0	0	
	11	135		135	135	0	0	0	0	135	135	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	12			44,420	44,457	23,095	21,325	44,420	0	0	0	0	26,912	26,912	17,508	17,545	14,498	14,498	0	0	0	0
	13	0		21,698	18,198	5,068	9,430	7,466	7,032	7,200	7,200	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,200	3,700	0	0	
	14	113557		228,195	228,195	145,954	81,396	128,527	98,823	845	845	228,195	228,195	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	16			4,618	4,618	1,393	3,225	0	0	0	4,618	4,618	4,618	4,618	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	20	451		2,111	2,651	511	1,547	329	1,729	53	53	687	1,227	0	0	674	750	1,424	1,424	0	0	
	21	9329		18,868	20,550	4,439	9,214	7,943	5,710	5,215	5,215	8,394	10,000	5,215	5,215	0	0	2,785	2,785	1,800	1,800	
	22			91	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	91	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 2 (1/2): COVID-19 related indicators





COVID-19 SPECIFIC RESULTS

SECTOR	INDICATORS	7th RR	8th results report		Disaggregated by sex		Disaggregated by community of origin		N.D.* By sex	N. D.* By community of origin	LEBANON		JORDAN		IRAQ		TURKEY		EGYPT	
		Current value	Current value	Target	Women	Men	Refugee	Host community			Current value	Target value	Current value	Target value	Current value	Target value	Current value	Target value	Current value	Target value
COVID-19 RELATED INDICATORS*	24	0	18,608	122,000	9,335	9,273	16,670	1,938	0	0	0	0	16,670	113,000	1,938	9,000	0	0	0	0
	25	17504	26,547	28,153	10,102	16,445	15,912	5,916	0	4,719	8,394	10,000	4,719	4,719	0	0	13,434	13,434	0	0
	29	658	2,049	1,075	1,524	525	1,029	1,020	0	0	1,881	1,000	0	0	168	75	0	0	0	0
	30	6,659	11,665	11,957	4,325	7,340	11,507	158	0	0	11,414	11,706	0	0	0	0	251	251	0	0
	31	288	433	300	433	0	253	180	0	0	0	0	0	0	433	300	0	0	0	0
	39	77	77	77	55	22	0	77	0	0	0	0	73	73	4	4	0	0	0	0
	42	332,251	896,362	830,101	166,476	128,886	174,167	20,524	601,000	701,671	165,361	165,361	27,483	16,000	672,361	626,511	28,837	23,289	0	0
	45	690,826	1,272,408	7,174,691	0	0	0	0	0	0	946,587	6,854,590	24,732	31,932	178,959	167,919	122,130	120,250	0	0
	46	157	83,644	81,228	0	0	0	0	83,644	83,644	83,644	81,228	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	47	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
48		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table 2 (2/2): COVID-19 related indicators

- *COVID-19 related indicators encompass COVID-19 specific indicators (45-48) and some of the Trust Fund Results Framework indicators that are being disaggregated by its relation to COVID-19.

