

EUTF Syria Results-Oriented Monitoring (ROM) - Reviews conducted in 2018

Project partner and location ¹	Description	EUTF contribution €	Start date and duration	Date of ROM mission	Summary of key findings
Danish Red Cross Lebanon/Jordan	Livelihood support, risk management, health and psychosocial support to refugee and host communities affected by the Syria crisis.	49,290.000	15.12.2016 36 months	10/2018	The action responds to the needs to contribute to peaceful co-existence between refugees and host populations and is in line with the country response plans. Due to the delayed start, progress of several outputs is also delayed, and effectiveness especially of the livelihood and resilience component is still limited. The quality of the delivered outputs is generally good, but there is room for improvement with regard to the materials available for health education and awareness sessions.
Danish Red Cross Iraq					Strong commitment from the local authorities is a reality. The main remark on efficiency is the mixed pace of implementation across the different implementing partners. The progress on output delivery is as planned, with the exception of the first programme component. As for the action's expected outcomes, it is still premature to see substantial effects.
Danish Red Cross Egypt/Turkey					The projects in Egypt and Turkey are and remain relevant to target groups and the EUTF thematic priorities. They are appropriately planned as part of the DRC regional action which aims to reach refugee and resident populations in five different intervention countries. High ownership of the main country implementing partners is evident. Project effectiveness is mixed mostly due to the accumulated delays. Quality of the outputs delivered so far is good and this augurs well for their future effectiveness.
United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) Lebanon/Jordan	Investing in the future of a generation of children and young people affected by the Syria crisis in	107,900.000	01.01.2018 12 months	09/2018	The action is on track. The planned outputs for Lebanon will be produced and targets in the majority of cases will be reached. For Jordan, the project has a good output production, but in some cases targets may not be reached by the end of the project; however, they may be reached in 2019.
United Nations Children's Fund					The priorities of the action continue to correspond fully to the needs of the target groups. Activities have been implemented without significant delay. UNICEF has well established

¹ The table of signed contract is available here: https://ec.europa.eu/trustfund-syria-region/sites/tfsr/files/madad_fund_signed_contracts.pdf



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(UNICEF) Lebanon, Jordan and Turkey	Lebanon, Jordan and Turkey.				partnerships with the relevant public institutions and NGOs and high-quality human resources have been made available, both at central and local level.
United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) Lebanon	Providing essential life-saving care to refugees in Lebanon.	15,000.000	01.08.2017 24 months	07/2018	Project relevance can be considered positive, efficiency at year one of implementation is satisfactory. Progress of each output is of the highest possible standards (quality of secondary and tertiary care and treatment provided to the refugees) and leading to the expected outcomes. The effects on the target groups are tangible in terms of providing better access to care and treatment.
Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) Lebanon	Qudra - Improving school conditions, access to economic opportunities, local administration, social cohesion and dialogue facilitation for refugees, internally displaced persons and host communities.	74,600.000 (5 countries)	15.06.2016 36 months	04/2018	Lack of adequate involvement of the partner country institutions represents the main challenge of Qudra Lebanon. The project design does not adequately take into consideration the contextual/ political framework of the country and does not offer an approach for effectively liaising with the local stakeholders in implementing activities and achieving the expected outcomes. Compared to the conditions given on the ground, the design of Qudra is too complex and ambitious. Efficiency to date has been sub-optimal.
Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) Turkey					The complicated design with four modules coupled with lack of a clear structure for involvement of the country partners has not allowed for it to be well-understood and adopted by the country partners particularly after the Coup attempt in July 2016. Qudra Turkey failed to be implemented efficiently within the past first half of the project duration particularly due to lack of a clear implementation mechanism defining the activities and roles of implementing partners and country partners.
Fondazione AVSI Lebanon/ Jordan	School readiness, inclusion and retention for children victims of the Syrian Crisis.	12,123.811	25.12.2016 30 months	04/2018	Despite difficulties and obstacles posed to implementation noted in both countries, the project seeks to address highly pertinent aspects related to promoting enrolment and improving retention in the formal education system for vulnerable children and adolescents in Lebanon and Jordan. The intervention has proven effective overall in delivering outputs across the different components despite initial delays in both, Lebanon and Jordan.
International Organization for Migration (IOM)	EU support to managing the migration/refugees	16,350.211	17.12.2016 36 months	03/2018	The action tackles essential aspects of the protracted migration crisis in Serbia. Implementation has been hampered by the lack of long term planning and strategies on the part of the relevant Serbian authorities and bureaucracy associated with obtaining



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Serbia	crisis/ Balkan route.				authorisation to proceed with the various reconstruction works. As a result, some aspects of implementation have been hampered and timeframes disrupted.
Ministry of Labour, Employment, Veteran & Social Affairs (MoLEVSA) Serbia	Strengthening the capacities in managing the migration/ refugees crisis in Serbia.	7,299.999	13.01.2017 12 months	03/2018	The project is adapted and relevant in scope and standard of services. An implementation mechanism, which was not efficient in Madad 1, is used in Madad 2. Capacity and experience of the MoLEVSA team appear insufficient and relations with other partners are at times difficult, which is a risk for coordination and implementation. The action's governance structure, made of five Serbian central state actors, is not particularly efficient but should guarantee service provision within the existing system.
Associazione Italiana per la Solidarietà tra i popoli (AISPO) Iraq	Supporting emergency/ critical care services and maternal and child health care; increasing access to quality and equitable health care for refugees, internally displaced persons and impacted local populations.	5,727.304	17.09.2016 30 months	02/2018	This project remains very relevant in terms of health needs and is a top priority for the Kurdish Government in Iraq. AISPO is delivering an exceptional, cost-effective service to vulnerable communities but due to initial delays is running behind. AISPO cannot shorten implementation time lines without compromising the outcome and so an extension at no extra cost might be needed.